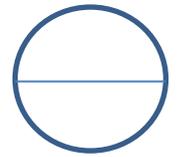


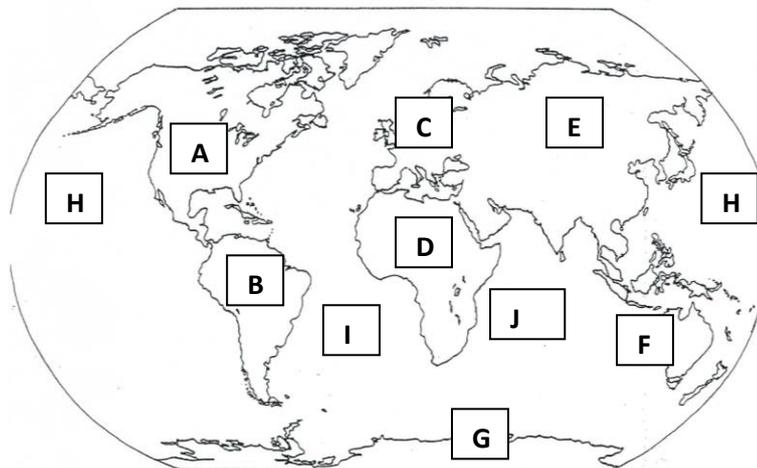


INSTRUCTIONS:

- This question paper consists of two sections, namely:
  - **SECTION 1: MAP SKILLS** [4]
  - **SECTION 2: MATCHING INFORMATION** [4]
  - **SECTION 3: COMPLETE THE SENTENCES** [7]
  - **SECTION 4: LOOK AT THE PICTURES** [6]
  - **SECTION 5: CORRECT THE SENTENCES** [7]
  - **SECTION 6: QUESTIONS** [12]



**SECTION 1: MAP SKILLS**



1. Name the countries or oceans located at the following letters: (4)

- B. **South America**                      D. **Africa**  
H. **Pacific Ocean**                      I. **Atlantic Ocean**

**SECTION 2: MATCHING INFORMATION**

2. Tick the correct box to indicate what each area is known as. (4)

	Continent	Country	Capital City	Province
EXAMPLE: Pretoria			✓	
2.1. Mpumalanga				✓
2.2. Africa	✓			
2.3. Luanda			✓	
2.4. Malawi		✓		

### SECTION 3: COMPLETE THE SENTENCES

(7)

3. Complete the sentences by filling in the missing word.

- 3.1. **Antarctica** is the continent that is the furthest away from the equator.
- 3.2. **North America, Europe and Asia** are two continents north of the equator. (**Any two of the three continents are acceptable**)
- 3.3. Rivers flow from **high** land to **low** land.
- 3.4. The province west of our province is the **Western Cape**.
- 3.5. A river joins the sea at the **mouth**.

### SECTION 4: LOOK AT THE PICTURES

4. Look at the two pictures to answer the questions.



- 4.1. What type of physical feature is featured in in photo 1? **Waterfall** (1)
- 4.2. Name the countries that feature 1 forms a border between. (2)  
**Zimbabwe and Zambia**
- 4.3. Name the country which feature 2 is found in. **Namibia or South Africa** (1)
- 4.4. Are the features in photo 1 and 2 north or south of the equator? **south** (1)
- 4.5. Why do you think the Victoria Falls forms a suitable boundary between two countries? (1)  
**It is a natural border.**

### SECTION 5: CORRECT THE SENTENCES

(7)

5. All these sentences are false. Correct them, by replacing the incorrect words in bold, to make them true.

- 5.1. **Tributaries** separates different river system. **Watershed**
- 5.2. A plateau in an area of **gentle hills**. **flat land**
- 5.3. Lesotho is a landlocked country in **Zambia**. **South Africa**
- 5.4. The **Thukela River** is the longest river in the world. **Nile River**
- 5.5. Mbombela is the capital city of the **North West**. **Mpumalanga**
- 5.6. The **Fish River** is the longest river in South Africa. **Gariep-Orange River**
- 5.7. Namaqualand is found in the province of **Gauteng**. **Northern Cape**

### SECTION 6: QUESTIONS

6. Answer the following questions.

- 6.1. What is the difference between a cape and a bay? Give an example of each one. (4)  
**A cape is a narrow piece of land that sticks out into the sea. ✓ Cape St. Francis. ✓**  
**A bay is an area of sea that is partly surrounded by land. ✓ Algoa Bay. ✓**
- 6.2. Why do you think that it would be easier to build a settlement in a valley, **compared** to on a mountain? (2)  
**Valleys are flat areas of land. ✓**  
**Mountains are areas of high land / have steep slopes ✓ (half a mark) – difficult to get machinery and building materials up there. ✓ (half a mark)**

- 6.3. Explain how a compass needle is always able to point towards magnetic north? (1)  
**A compass has a magnetised needle that always points north. ✓**
- 6.4. In which province are the mountains of the escarpment highest? (1)  
**KwaZulu Natal / Free State ✓**
- 6.5. Nearly 200 years ago, a British settler renamed Port Elizabeth. He named the new harbour after his wife, Elizabeth, who died just as their ship sailed into Algoa Bay.
- 6.5.1. What is the name of this British settler who renamed Port Elizabeth? (1)  
**Sir Rufane Donkin ✓**
- 6.5.2. In what year did he name Port Elizabeth? **1820 ✓** (1)
- 6.5.3. Do you think that Port Elizabeth is a suitable name for our city? Give a reason for your answer. (1)  
**Own answer**
- 6.6. On a physical map, why do you get a lighter shade of blue and a darker shade of blue? (1)  
**The lighter shade of blue represents part of the ocean that is shallow ✓ (half a mark), and the darker shade of blue are deep areas. ✓ (half a mark)**